CALENDAR YEAR 2014 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION REPORT TOWN OF TERRY

2015 JUN -3 AM 8: 49

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PWS ID # ('s): 0250025

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Co	nsumer Confidence Report
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR b	y: (Attach copy of publication, water bill, or other)
	Advertisement in local paper	
	On water bills	
	Other	
	Date customers were informed:	
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct deliver	y. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date mailed/distributed: Later Bil	2 May 28,2015
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach cop Name of Newspaper: By lam B Date Published: May 2015	ny of published CCR and proof of publication)
9	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of loc Date posted: May 28, 2015	ations) City toll
	Date posted: May 28, 2015	Piche William
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet si	
<u>CERT</u>	IFICATION:	€
system correct Mississ	in the form and manner identified above. I further ce and is consistent with the water quality monitoring d sippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public W	has been distributed to the customers of this public water rtify that the information included in this CCR is true and ata provided to the public water system officials by the later Supply.
Bn	buich J. Nechol , Mayor	
Name/Titl	e (President, Mayer, Owner, etc.)	Date
This Co	onsumer Confidence Report (CCR) was completed by ve Public Water System and is certified only to be as	MS Cross Connection, LLC with information provided by true & correct as the information provided.
Vu	San Bayett	4-15-15
Signature	0	<u>4-15-15</u> Date

Mail completed form along with a copy of your CCR Report(s) before JULY 1, 2015 to:

MS State Department of Health Division of Public Water Supply P O Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518 TOWN OF TERRY

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Terry PWS ID # 0250025 April, 2015

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We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of two wells that draw from the Forest Hill Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for the Town of Terry received a low susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Sylvia McDavid at 601-878-5557. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at Terry Town Hall at 315 e Cunningham at 7:00 p.m.

The Town of Terry routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2014. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST RI	ESULTS	0.5-7		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contami	nants						
10. Barium	N		0.0041	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries;
13. Chromium	N	===	0.9	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp
14. Copper	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11* 2014	0.1	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	mills; erosion of natural deposits Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood
15. Cyanide	N N		0.022	No Range	ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic
7. Lead		2014	0.22	No Range	ppm	4	4	and fertilizer factories Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and
	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	102 1.3		ppb	0	AL=15	aluminum factories Corrosion of household plumbing
Disinfectant	S & Dis	infectant	By-Prod	ucts	_			systems, erosion of natural deposits
Chlorine (as Cl2) 3. TTHM	N	1/1/14 to 12/31/14	0.60	0.20+ 0.00	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
Total tri- alomethanes]	N	2011*	36	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
AA5 lost recent samp	N	2011*	25	No Range	ppb	0		By-product of drinking water

^{*} Most recent sample results available

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of Terry is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested...

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potentia health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

This report being published in the paper will not be mailed. Please call our office if you would like a copy or have any



2015 Jp Drinking Water Quality Report Mil Toyy of Terry PWS ID # 0250025

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All horsess of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are annually occurring or man made. These substances can be interobes, morganic or organic himsicols and faultosistic authorizes. All findings water, findings outled water, may reatonable to be contained as in similar flamman water, findings outled water, may reatonable by be expected to contain a final similar flamman of host findings water flammans does not peccessarily indicate flammans does not peccessarily indicate flammans does not peccessarily indicate flammans flammans does not peccessarily indicate flammans flammans for the flammans and posential health of floor contamination in findings water than the general proposition. Agency 8-Safe Drinking Weet Burton understand in thicking water than the general population. Dissupano-compensated persons consummans in thicking water than the general population. Dissupano-compensated persons approach with a comparing chemother system directions, some clotherty, and inflants can provide from infections. These requires that dissert advice below the funding water from the final time providers. By ACCIV, patchases on appropriate means to lesson for safe of understand by expressing does donate manual are resulted from the Safe Drinking Water Holding (300-426-791).

This report being published in the paper will not be mailed. Please call our office if you uld like a copy or have any questions.

